

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

VPNA1116 VINYL PLUS TOWELETTES

Synonyms VINYL PLUS TOWELETTES • VPNA1116 - PRODUCT CODE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses CLEANING AGENT • VINYL CLEANER • WIPE(S)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	DUBOIS CHEMICALS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	13 - 15 Flight Drive, Tullamarine, VIC, 3043, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	+61 3 8340 3200
Fax	+61 3 8340 3247
Website	https://www.prowash.com.au/

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency

13 11 26 (Poisons Information Centre)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word

Pictograms



Causes skin irritation.

Prevention statements

Hazard statements

P264 P280

H315

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

Response statements

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

ChemAlert.

Storage statements

None allocated.

Disposal statements

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ALCOHOLS, C12-15, ETHOXYLATED	68131-39-5	500-195-7	>0.00026%
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	111-76-2	203-905-0	<1%
CITRIC ACID	77-92-9	201-069-1	<1%
EDTA TETRASODIUM SALT	64-02-8	200-573-9	<1%
TRIETHANOLAMINE	102-71-6	203-049-8	<1%
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	215-185-5	0.0242 to 0.2266%
CITRUS, EXT.	94266-47-4	304-454-3	0.05 to 0.2%
COCONUT ETHANOLAMINE ETHOXYLATED	61791-08-0	612-392-6	0.05 to 0.2%
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOCOCOATE	61791-29-5	612-401-3	0.05 to 0.2%
(C10-16) - ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE, SULPHATED, AMMONIUM SALT	67762-19-0	500-172-1	0.1508 to 0.156%
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL	25322-68-3	500-038-2	<0.054%
ETHANOL	64-17-5	200-578-6	0.025857 to 0.0351%
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	231-598-3	<0.022%
AMMONIUM SULPHATE	7783-20-2	231-984-1	0.00026 to 0.0052%
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	108-10-1	203-550-1	0.000338 to 0.00234%
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	200-661-7	<0.00195%
METHANOL	67-56-1	200-659-6	<0.00195%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>95%
CITRUS MIXTURE	-	-	<1%
CASTOR OIL, ETHOXYLATED	61791-12-6	500-151-7	0.05 to 0.2%
DINONYL PHENOL ETHOXYLATE	9014-93-1	618-488-4	0.025857 to 0.0351%
TISSUE	-	-	Not Available

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.
First aid facilities	None allocated.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

ChemAlert.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Vapour may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt, collect and reuse where possible. Alternatively, contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special requirements for the storage of this product.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingreatent		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)	SWA [AUS]	20	96.9	50	242
2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)	SWA [Proposed]	10	49	50	242
Ethanol	SWA [AUS]	1000	1880		
Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol)	SWA [Proposed]	200	380	800	1500
Isopropyl alcohol	SWA [AUS]	400	983	500	1230
Isopropyl alcohol	SWA [Proposed]	200	491	400	984
Methanol	SWA [AUS]	200	262	250	328
Methyl isobutyl ketone	SWA [AUS]	50	205	75	307
Sodium hydroxide (peak limitation)	SWA [AUS]		2 (Peak)		
Triethanolamine	SWA [AUS]		5		

Biological limits

Ingredient	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA) in urine (with hydrolysis)	End of shift	200 mg/g creatinine
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Acetone in urine	End of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/L
METHANOL	Methanol in urine	End of shift	15 mg/L
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	Methyl isobutyl ketone in urine	End of shift	1 mg/L

Reference: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls No special precautions are normally required when handling this product. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face	Not required under normal conditions of use.	
Hands	With prolonged use, wear nitrile or neoprene gloves.	
Body	Not required under normal conditions of use.	
Respiratory	Not required under normal conditions of use.	

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	WIPES IMPREGNATED WITH ORANGE LIQUID
Odour	CITRUS ODOUR
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	> 100°C
Melting point	0°C (Approximately)
Evaporation rate	AS FOR WATER
рН	9.5
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	18 mm Hg @ 20°C
Upper explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE



9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	

% Volatiles

> 60 % (Water)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	470 mg/kg (rat)	220 mg/kg (rabbit)	450 mg/L/4hrs (rat)
CITRIC ACID	3000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	
EDTA TETRASODIUM SALT	1658 mg/kg (rat)		
TRIETHANOLAMINE	6400 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL	> 15,000 mg/kg (rat)	> 20,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
ETHANOL	3450 mg/kg (mouse)		20000 ppm/10 hours (rat)
SODIUM CHLORIDE	3000 mg/kg (rat)	> 10000 mg/kg (rabbit)	> 42000 mg/m³/1 hour (rat)
AMMONIUM SULPHATE	4,250 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	1600 mg/kg (guinea pig); 2080 mg/kg (rat)	> 20 mL/kg (rabbit)	100 mg/L (rat)
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (AICIS)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (AICIS)	> 20 mg/L (rat) (AICIS)
METHANOL	300 mg/kg (human)	15,800 mg/kg (rabbit)	50 g/m³/2 hours (mouse)
CASTOR OIL, ETHOXYLATED	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)		
Skin Contact may resu	It in irritation, redness, rash and derr	natitis.	
Eve Causes serious e	ve irritation. Contact may result in irri	itation, lacrimation, pain and	redness

Eye	Causes serious eye irritation. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
STOT - single exposure	Over exposure may result in central nervous system (CNS) effects with headache, drowsiness and dizziness.
	Not clearified as assume states demonstrated assume

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.



STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration Not class

Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalNo special precautions are required for the disposal of this product.LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- **Poison schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
- **Classifications** Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).
- Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AllC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AllC, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

ChemAlert.

PRODUCT NAME VPNA1116 VINYL PLUS TOWELETTES	
Additional information	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.
	HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.
Abbreviations	 ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds CNS Central Nervous System EC No. EC No - European Community Number EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) GHS Globally Harmonized System GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre OEL Occupational Exposure Limit pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). ppm Parts Per Million STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons SWA Safe Work Australia TLV Threshold Limit Value TWA Time Weighted Average
Report status	This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS'). It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier. While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.
Prepared by	Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmtglobal.com